

Page 5: ABOUT YOU

Q1 TURKEY

Respondent (South-South Partner)

Q2

About you

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### Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

### Q3

Does your South-South development strategy, policy or plan include trade priorities (i.e., Aid-for-Trade priorities)?

### No,

Additional information on the trade (or Aid-for-Trade priorities) included in your South-South development strategy, policy or plan (or other trade-related policy document).:

Although Turkey's development cooperation does not have specific trade priorities, it has been engaged with trade-related activities and capacity-building projects through the Turkish Cooperation and Coordination Agency in various ways. These activities include facilitating the transfer of Turkish entrepreneurial know-how to partner countries, providing support to business matchmaking and contributing to physical and institutional infrastructure building in partner countries.

### Page 8: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

### Q4

If yes, please highlight what these Aid-for-Trade priorities are:Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top priority areas among the ones listed below (1 being the most important).

### Page 9: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

### Q5

Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since 2019?

### No,

Additional information: please specify which of the priorities you selected are new and provide further information. (Please provide weblinks as applicable).: Sharing experience in technical cooperation and capacity building and displaying sustainable and joint solutions for next generations, promoting human development and capacity development of human resources and institutions, contributing to regional and international development agenda, enriching its bilateral development cooperation with mutual learning and triangular organizations in forming a common agenda for economic, social and humanitarian development have always been among the priorities of Turkey.

### Page 10: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

### Q6

If yes, please identify the top drivers of change in your Aid-for-Trade priorities from the list below:(Please select no more than 5 options from the areas listed below).

### Respondent skipped this question

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Q7

Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with South-South partners?

Respondent skipped this question

Q8

Has Aid for Trade become a more or less important part of your South-south development policy since 2019?

Same

Q9

Do you have a South-South cooperation strategy, policy or plan for economic recovery post COVID-19 pandemic?

No

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### Q10

If yes, please indicate whether your strategy, policy or plan for economic recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic addresses any of the following areas: (You may tick more than one box).

### Page 13: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

### Q11

Respondent skipped this question

Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy document relevant to your South-South Aid-for-Trade activities and action.

### Page 15: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q12 No

Is the environmental dimension of sustainable development reflected in your South-South development policy document(s), plan(s) or strategy(ies)?

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### Q13

Respondent skipped this question

If yes, please indicate in which of your strategy(ies), policy(ies) or plan(s) sustainable development is reflected. (You may tick more than one box).

### Page 17: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q14 Respondent skipped this question

Does your South-South development strategy, policy or plan explicitly target any of the following environment-specific goals? (You may tick more than one box).

Q15 No

Does your South-South sustainable development strategy, policy, or plan include trade objectives?

### Page 18: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q16 Respondent skipped this question

If yes, do the trade objectives address the environmental dimension of sustainable development?

### Page 19: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

As a provider of South-South assistance, do you have coordination or dialogues with other developing countries' national committees, ministries of trade and agencies on sustainable development?

### Yes,

Additional information on the coordination or dialogue held with other developing countries' national committees, ministries of trade and agencies on sustainable development.:

There are several international cooperation agencies such as Singapore Cooperation Programme (SCP), Korea International Cooperation Agency (KOICA), Colombian Presidential Agency of International Cooperation (APC), Mexican Agency of International Cooperation for Development (AMEXCID), Chilean Agency for International Co-operation and Development (AGCID), Ecuador International Cooperation Agency (AGECI), Peruvian International Cooperation Agency (APCI), The Kazakhstan Agency for International Development (KAZAID) and African Union that TİKA has MoUs signed with. In order to create an environment for sustainable development, MoU processes between TİKA and other institutions from Thailand, Indonesia as well as Organization of Turkic States are ongoing.

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Q18 Unsure

If yes, do these national committees, ministries of trade or agencies address the environmental dimension of sustainable development?

### Page 21: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q19 Agriculture

Please identify the economic sector(s) that would gain the most in terms of economic and export diversification as a result of the move to sustainable development? (You may tick more than 1 box).

### Q20

Please identify the economic sectors that may face the biggest challenge from the move to sustainable development.

Forestry,

Mining,

Industry

In your view, what challenges constitute the main obstacles to the transition towards sustainable development? (You may tick more than 1 box).

Access to finance,

Developing countries' political challenges (e.g., security and stability)

Lack of human resource capability,

Lack of political will,

Social pressures (poverty, population growth)

**Q22** 

Please highlight the main challenges that Aid for Trade should address to support a transition to sustainable development? (You may tick more than 1 box).

Access to finance,

Developing countries' political challenges (e.g., security and stability)

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Q23 No

Does your South-South development strategy include a circular economy strategy, policy, plan?

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Q24 Respondent skipped this question

If yes, which economic sectors does the circular economy strategy, policy, or plan cover?

**Q25** 

Respondent skipped this question

If yes, does the circular economy strategy, policy, plan include trade objectives?

Page 24: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q26 No

Is digital connectivity reflected as a priority in your South-South sustainable development strategy, policy or plan?

Q27 No

Do you have an Aid-for-Trade strategy, policy or plan for digital connectivity (including digital economy, ecommerce, etc.)?

Q28 Agriculture,

In which sectors could digital connectivity best support the transition to sustainable development? Services

Please identify issues where digital connectivity would offer most promise in the move to sustainable development? (You may tick more than one box).

E-commerce,

E-government,

E-learning

### Q30

Is there an existing South-South or triangular Aid-fortrade project for digital connectivity towards sustainable development and/or environmentally sustainable growth (or circular economy) that you want to showcase as an example of best practice? No

### Q31

Do you agree that the COVID-19 pandemic has acted as an accelerator for the move to digital economy?

Yes

### Q32

In which areas has the COVID-19 pandemic exposed shortcomings in digital connectivity? (You may tick more than one box).

Poor access to internet services,

Poor digital skills and IT literacy,

Slow, expensive or unreliable internet services,

Insufficient or uneven internet coverage

### Page 25: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

Q33 Agriculture,

Looking ahead, in which sectors do you think future Aidfor-Trade support should focus so as to support sustainable development objectives? (You may tick more than 1 box).

Services

### **Q34**

Looking ahead, in which categories of Aid for Trade do you think support should be focused so as to advance the environmental dimension of sustainable development? (You may tick more than 1 box).

Trade policy and administrative management,

Multilateral trade negotiations,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure,

Agriculture,

Travel and tourism

Page 26: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

To which partner(s) do you provide South-South cooperation financing for the environmental dimension of sustainable development? (You may tick more than 1 box).

Afghanistan,

Albania,

Antigua and Barbuda,

Bangladesh,

Benin,

Bosnia and Herzegoniva,

Chad,

Georgia,

Kazakhstan,

Kyrgyz Republic,

Lebanon,

Mauritania,

Mexico,

Mongolia,

Montenegro,

Mozambique,

Namibia,

Niger,

Pakistan,

Senegal,

Somalia,

Ukraine,

Uzbekistan,

Yemen,

Tajikistan,

Tunisia

### Q36

Please identify the donors you associate with in order to provide triangular cooperation financing for sustainable development. (You may tick more than 1 box).

Japan,

UN Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO),
United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)

### Q37

Please identify those South-South and triangular cooperation partners that you associate with in order to provide financing for sustainable development. (You may tick more than 1 box).

Q38 No

Do you provide Aid-for-Trade financing as part of triangular co-operation projects?

Q39 Respondent skipped this question

Is there an Aid-for-Trade project or programme for sustainable trade or development, green growth or circular economy that you want to showcase as an example of best practice?

### Page 27: SECTION 2: SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE

### Q40 Respondent skipped this question

Do you implement policies that address the environmental dimension of sustainable development while also supporting progress on gender equality and/or women's economic empowerment?

Q41 Respondent skipped this question

Do you implement South-South Aid-for-Trade projects that combine the objectives of women's economic empowerment and environmentally sustainable development?

Q42 Respondent skipped this question

Any other information you wish to share? (e.g., where support for sustainable trade or development is needed).

### Page 29: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

Is women's economic empowerment included as an objective in your South-South development or Aid-for-Trade strategy(ies), policy(ies) or plan(s)?

**Q43** 

### Yes,

Additional information on how women's economic empowerment is included as an objective in your South-South development strategy(ies), policy(ies) or plan(s).: Economic empowerment of women has always been a priority in Turkey's development cooperation within the context of SDGs in partner countries.

### Page 30: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

### Q44 Other (please specify),

If yes, please indicate the strategy, policy, or plan in which women's economic empowerment is included: (You may tick more than one box).

Additional information on the strategy(ies), policy(ies) or plan(s) that include women's economic. (Please include weblinks as applicable).:

"Turkey's Medium Term Programme (2022-2024)" "Eleventh Development Plan 2019-2023

Respondent skipped this question

Do the strategy(ies), policy(ies) or plan(s) that you have identified seek to ensure non-discrimination with respect to conditions of employment or occupation (including through the provision of flexible work arrangements)?

### Page 31: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

### Q46

# Does your government/institution collect data on women's economic empowerment in relation to trade and development?

### Yes,

Additional information on the data on women's economic empowerment that your government/institution collects. (Please include weblinks as applicable).:

As the Ministry of Trade (MoT), online surveys can be carried out to measure the effectiveness of the projects that have been implemented in order to increase women's integration to export processes. T.R. Small and Medium Scaled Industry Development and Support Directorate (KOSGEB) holds statistics on women entrepreneurship and the Directorate's support to women.

### **Q47**

In your view, what trade and development constraints do women face the most?(You may tick more than one box).

Difficulties accessing financial services,

Poor access to information,

Restricted access to markets,

Other (please specify),

Additional information on the trade and development constraints faced by women.:

\*Difficulties in acquiring the knowledge to engage in ecommerce, specifically in cross-border trade. \*challenges in accessing B2B networks and mentorship.

Q48 Yes

Can Aid for Trade play a role in addressing these constraints?

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Q49 No

Have you provided South-South Aid-for-Trade to finance projects for women's economic empowerment during the period 2015-2020?

Page 33: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

### Respondent skipped this question

If yes, please provide further information on the countries in which you have provided South-South Aid-for-Trade programmes on women's economic empowerment.

### Page 34: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

### Q51

### Please specify the areas that your South-South Aid-for-Trade projects for women's economic empowerment sought to address. (You may tick more than one box).

### Respondent skipped this question

### **Q52**

Have you used public-private partnerships to achieve your South-South Aid-for-Trade objectives in relation to women's economic empowerment?

### Yes.

Additional information on the public-private partnerships used to achieve your aid-for-trade objectives in relation to women's economic empowerment. Please include reasons as to why or why not. Kindly provide a list of your private sector partners, the number of projects run, and the sectors concerned. You may also describe each project and their impacts in no more than 300 words per project. (Please provide weblinks as applicable) .: The MoT implemented the Turkish Export Academy for Women-owned Small Businesses Program in cooperation with an international logistics firm, UPS, who engages directly with customers. The initiative is designed to offer practical information like how to export a product by using online platforms. It especially aims at increasing women's share in e-commerce, which, plays a crucial role as a market access channel leading to export growth.

### **O53**

Does Aid for Trade help to mobilize funds for women's economic empowerment?

### Yes

### **Q54**

Are your South-South Aid-for-Trade projects involving women's economic empowerment underpinned by a monitoring and evaluation/ results framework?

### Yes,

Additional information on how your South-South Aid-for-Trade projects involving women's economic empowerment are underpinned by a monitoring and evaluation/ results framework.:

Time to time the MoT conducts surveys to measure the effectiveness of the projects that have been implemented in order to integrate more women into export processes.

### **Q55**

Does the Aid-for-Trade support for women's economic empowerment that you provide align with your South-South partners' trade priorities and objectives?

### Yes

### Page 35: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

### **Q56**

## Do women face particular difficulties in accessing digital technologies?

### Yes.

Additional information on the particular difficulties faced by women in accessing digital technology, including your data sources. (Please provide information in no more than 300 words including references and weblinks).:

The network infrastructure is poor especially in rural areas. Moreover, the main purpose of accessing digital technologies is not clear. So that, creating and implementing a solid strategy is problematic.

### **Q57**

Please identify the top 5 barriers that prevent women from accessing digital technology:(You may tick a maximum of 5 boxes).

High cost of device (e.g., mobile phone),

High usage costs,

Inadequate electricity infrastructure,

Inadequate network infrastructure,

Lack of awareness of opportunities offered by digital technologies

,

Additional information on the top 5 barriers preventing women from accessing digital technology. (Please provide information in no more than 300 words including references and weblinks).:

- Poor IT literacy and/or skills difficulties in acquiring the knowledge to engage in e-commerce, specifically in cross-border trade, challenges in accessing B2B networks and mentorship.

Page 36: SECTION 3: SOUTH-SOUTH POLICIES FOR WOMEN'S ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

Q58 Agriculture,

Looking ahead, in which trade sectors do you think future support for women's economic empowerment should be focussed?(You may tick more than 1 box).

Agriculture

Industry, Services

Looking ahead, in which Aid-for-Trade categories do you think future support for women's economic empowerment should be focussed?(You may tick more than 1 box).

### Agriculture,

(a) Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Trade policy and administrative management,

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

Transport and storage infrastructure,

Communications infrastructure,

Industry,

Travel and tourism,

(e)Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

(b) Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, ecommerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Building productive capacity,

Business and other services

### Q60

You may use the box below to elaborate on how you think that Aid for Trade can advance women's economic empowerment.

Respondent skipped this question

### Page 37: END OF SURVEY

### Q61

CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):