2019 Aid for Trade - Partner Country Questionnaire



WTO OMC

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Q1 Respondent	TUVALU
Q2 About you	
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# Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES (YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES)

**Q3** Does your national development strategy include **Yes** trade priorities ? (i.e. Aid-for-Trade priorities)

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**Q4** If yes, please indicate your Aid-for-Trade priorities:Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below.(1 being the most important)

Connecting to value chains	1
Trade facilitation	2
Trade finance access	3
Trade policy analysis, negotiations and implementation	4
Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)	5
Please specify further the priorities that you selected above as well as the main problems/obstacles encountered in furthering	MSMEs, Women economic development, youth, private sector development. Lack of funding to assist
them and provide a weblink to the relevant strategy.	is an issue.

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<b>Q5</b> Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since 2016?	No, Please specify further the priorities that you selected above, as well as the main problems/obstacles encountered in furthering them. Please include a weblink to the relevant strategy.: Outer island development and inter shipping issues on poor ports and wharf for delivering of goods to outer island
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 Q6 If yes, please rank the top 3 drivers of these changes :(Please choose no more than 3 options)
 Respondent skipped this question

 Q7 Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with development partners?
 Respondent skipped this question

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**Q8** Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy documents relevant to Aid for Trade in your country.

### portal.gov.tv/legislation

### Page 13: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q9** Is economic diversification a priority in your national or regional development strategy?

#### Yes,

If yes, please provide additional information (including as to how economic diversification is defined and measured).: According to a study undertake for the Tuvalu Diagnostic Trade, Trade cannot exist while other sectors such as tourism, fisheries, agriculture and labour mobility are not priorities. All sectors are inter linked and collaborate together to overcome constraints faced by the Tourism or any other sector.

Q10 What are the main constraints to economic diversification identified in your national or regional development strategy?(You may tick more than 1 box)	<ul> <li>High trade costs</li> <li>Inadequate network infrastructure (power, water, telecommunications)</li> <li>Limited access to trade finance</li> <li>Limited e-trade readiness,</li> <li>Limited inward foreign direct investment</li> <li>Limited industrial or manufacturing capacity</li> <li>Limited network and/or transport infrastructure of a cross border nature , compliance</li> <li>Low levels of training and skills</li> <li>Poor international competitiveness,</li> <li>Small domestic market</li> <li>Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)</li> <li>Unaffordable and/or unreliable electricity access,</li> <li>Additional information on the main constraints to economic diversification as identified in your national or regional development strategy.:</li> <li>High cost of market access and lack of infrastructure and tools to assist the private sector and trade development.</li> </ul>
<b>Q11</b> Please indicate in which of category(ies) of aid- for-trade financing you receive aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Trade facilitation, Forestry, Industry, Additional information on which category(ies) of aid-for- trade financing you receive aid-for- trade support for economic diversification.: Through the EIF project
<b>Q12</b> Does the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic diversification align with the priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?	Yes

**Q13** Has your government recorded progress in **Unsure** economic diversification since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?

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**Q14** If yes, please specify in which area(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Respondent skipped this question** 

**Q15** If yes, please also indicate in which sector(s): (You may tick more than 1 box)

Respondent skipped this question

### Page 15: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q16** In which category(ies) of Aid for Trade is the support you receive impactful for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Trade policy and administrative management

Trade facilitation,

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

Transport and storage infrastructure

Communications infrastructure,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure

Agriculture

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**Q17** What factors contribute to the success of the aidfor-trade support you receive for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities

Coordination among donors

Country ownership,

,

Good digital and ICT connectivity

Good trade-related infrastructure

Institutional capacity to implement projects

Leveraging of foreign direct investment

Mobilization of domestic private investment

National/regional coordination,

Services capacity,

Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

**Q18** What factors may limit the success of the aid-fortrade support you receive for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors.)

Diverging priorities between partner and donor Inadequate infrastructure, Lack of country ownership Lack of donor interest in specific projects/programmes Limited financing for the private sector Poor digital and ICT connectivity Poor alignment of aid-for-trade received with national/regional priorities Poor coordination among donors Poor national/regional coordination, Resources dedicated to the project or programme too low , Time horizon too short Weak institutional capacity

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**Q19** Does the Aid for Trade you receive help mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification (i.e. non-concessional financing, foreign direct investment, remittances, trade finance, etc.).

Unsure

Q20 Which development partner(s) are the most important source of aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Australia,   New ,   Zealand   OTHER BILATERAL,   Asian Development Bank ,   (AsDB)   Climate Investment Funds ,   (CIF)   Enhanced Integrated Framework (EIF),   International Labour Office (ILO),   International Monetary Fund ,   (IMF)   United Nations Development Programme ,   (UNDP)
	World Bank
<b>Q21</b> Which South-South partner(s) are the most important source of financing for your economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Malaysia, India

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<b>Q22</b> Looking ahead, in which sector(s) will future support for economic diversification be most required? (You may tick more than 1 box)	Agriculture, Services, Fisheries, Additional information on the sector(s) that will require most support for economic diversification.: Tourism, Labour Mobility, Education, Health, Trade
<b>Q23</b> Looking ahead, in which category of aid-for-trade financing do you think that your government will require aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards) , Trade policy and administrative , management
	Trade facilitation,
	Regional trade agreements , (RTAs)
	Multilateral trade , , negotiations
7	

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

Transport and storage infrastructure

Communications infrastructure,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, publicprivate sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Business support services,

Banking and financial services

Building productive

Agriculture,

Fishing,

capacity

Industry,

Mineral resources and mining

Travel and tourism

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

Other trade related needs

### Page 19: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q24** Is there any Aid-for-Trade project or programme for economic diversification that you would like to showcase as an example of best practice?(Please provide additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

So far we have only the Enhanced Integrated Framework where Tuvalu became part of it in 2007.

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<b>Q25</b> Is economic empowerment a priority in your national or regional development strategy?	Yes, If yes, please provide additional information on how economic empowerment is prioritized in your national or regional strategy.: Women empowerment, youth development and the private sector development

# Page 22: SECTION 3 : AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

<b>Q26</b> For which groups does your national or regional development strategy seek to promote economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Women's economic , empowerment
	Micro, Small and Medium Sized , Enterprises
	Youth economic empowerment
<b>Q27</b> Does the national or regional development strategy propose any indicators to track economic empowerment or include any targets to achieve?	Yes
<b>Q28</b> Does the national or regional development strategy link economic empowerment to participation in international trade?	Yes

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<b>Q29</b> Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for- trade financing you receive aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Regional trade agreements , (RTAs) Multilateral trade negotiations
<b>Q30</b> Does the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic empowerment align with the empowerment priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?	Unsure

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<b>Q31</b> How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to women's economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Improving access to , , information Supporting rural , , trade Supporting the elaboration of gender-sensitive policies , Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth , Upgrading business skills
Q32 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support women's economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Trade policy and administrative , , management , Regional trade agreements , (RTAs) , Multilateral trade , , negotiations Trade education/training, Business support services, Agriculture, Travel and tourism
<b>Q33</b> What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities , Country ownership, Mobilization of domestic private , investment National/regional coordination, Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

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Q34 How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the economic empowerment of MSMEs?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation) , Providing access to, finance Supporting rural, trade Upgrading business skills, Improving access to foreign, markets Improving access to global value chains
<b>Q35</b> What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Business support services, Regional trade agreements , (RTAs) Trade education/training, Fishing, Travel and tourism
<b>Q36</b> What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities , Good trade-related , infrastructure Mobilization of domestic private , investment National/regional coordination, Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

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<b>Q37</b> How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Providing access to , finance
	Supporting the growth and economic development of women
	Supporting rural , trade
	Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth
	Upgrading business skills,
	Improving access to foreign markets
<b>Q38</b> What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support to Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Trade policy and administrative , , management
	Trade facilitation,
	Regional trade agreements , (RTAs)
	Trade education/training,
	Travel and
	tourism
<b>Q39</b> What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting to Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities ,
	Capacity to draft funding , applications
	National/regional coordination,
	Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

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**Q40** In your view, can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the achievement of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda ?

Yes

Q41 If yes, please specify which Sustainable 1. No Development Goal or Goals (SDGs) Aid for Trade can poverty help to achieve. (You may tick more than 1 2. Zero hunger, box)Sustainable Development Goals: 3. Good health and wellbeing 4. Quality education, 5. Gender equality 6. Clean water and sanitation 7. Affordable and clean energy 8. Decent work and economic growth 9. Industry, innovation and infrastructure 10. Reduce inequalities 11. Sustainable cities and communities 12. Responsible consumption and production 13. Climate action 14. Life below water 15. Life on land 16. Peace, justice and strong institutions 17. Partnership for the qoals

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<b>Q42</b> Which donor(s) are now the most important source aid-for-trade financing for your economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box)	Australia,	
	Asian Development Bank , (AsDB)	
	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	
<b>Q43</b> Which South-South partner(s) are the most important source of financing for your economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)	India	

**Q44** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-fortrade financing do you think that further support for economic empowerment will be required.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and administrative management

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Multilateral trade

negotiations

Trade education/training,

Travel and tourism

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**Q45** Please provide any additional information that you Respondent skipped this question think may be relevant.(Please references in the form or weblinks, document symbols etc.)

**Q46** Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic empowerment you would like to showcase as particularly important for your country or as an example of best practice?(Please provide any relevant additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

### Page 30: END OF SURVEY

**Q47** CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):

Respondent skipped this question