

# Page 5: ABOUT YOU

Q1 Respondent ST. VINCENT & THE GRENADINES

**Q2** About you

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# Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES (YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES)

**Q3** Does your national development strategy include trade priorities ? (i.e. Aid-for-Trade priorities)

Yes

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**Q4** If yes, please indicate your Aid-for-Trade priorities:Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below.(1 being the most important)

Regional integration	2
Trade facilitation	4
Trade finance access	1
Trade policy analysis, negotiations and implementation	5
Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)	3

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**Q5** Have your Aid-for-Trade priorities changed since No 2016?

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**Q6** If yes, please rank the top 3 drivers of these changes :(Please choose no more than 3 options)

Respondent skipped this question

**Q7** Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with development partners?

Respondent skipped this question

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**Q8** Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy documents relevant to Aid for Trade in your country.

National Economic and Social Development Plan 2013- 2025

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/?menu=1300

# Page 13: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q9** Is economic diversification a priority in your national or regional development strategy?

Yes,

If yes, please provide additional information (including as to how economic diversification is defined and measured).: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf

**Q10** What are the main constraints to economic diversification identified in your national or regional development strategy?(You may tick more than 1 box)

High input

costs

High trade

costs

Limited agricultural production

capacity

Limited industrial or manufacturing

capacity

Small domestic

market

Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail,

port)

**Q11** Please indicate in which of category(ies) of aidfor-trade financing you receive aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support) Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Trade facilitation,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Agriculture,

**Fishing** 

**Q12** Does the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic diversification align with the priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

#### Yes,

Additional information on how the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic diversification aligns with the priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies).:

Zero hunger initiative and education revolution

**Q13** Has your government recorded progress in economic diversification since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?

#### Yes,

Additional information on whether your government has recorded progress in economic diversification since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?: not Available

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Q14 If yes, please specify in which area(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

# **Export** diversification

Additional information on the progress that your government has recorded in economic diversification since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006.:

Increase in the export of other agricultural crops than banana

Q15 If yes, please also indicate in which sector(s): (You may tick more than 1 box)

Agriculture,

Industry,

Services,

**Fisheries** 

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Q16 In which category(ies) of Aid for Trade is the support you receive impactful for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Agriculture,

Fishing,

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

#### Page 16: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

Q17 What factors contribute to the success of the aidfor-trade support you receive for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors) Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities

Donor interest in specific projects/programmes

Institutional capacity to implement projects

National/regional coordination

Q18 What factors may limit the success of the aid-fortrade support you receive for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors.)

Diverging priorities between partner and donor

Inadequate infrastructure,

Limited financing for the private sector

Poor national/regional coordination,

Resources dedicated to the project or programme too low

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**Q19** Does the Aid for Trade you receive help mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification (i.e. non-concessional financing, foreign direct investment, remittances, trade finance, etc.).

Yes

**Q20** Which development partner(s) are the most important source of aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)

**European Union,** 

United Kingdom,

World

Bank

Additional information on the development partners that are important sources of aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification.:

Taiwan, Venezuela, Cuba

**Q21** Which South-South partner(s) are the most important source of financing for your economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Kuwait.

Mexico\*.

Venezuela,

Cuba,

India,

**United Arab** 

**Emirates** 

Additional information on the South-South partner(s) that are important sources of financing for your economic diversification.:

Taiwan and Ecuador

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**Q22** Looking ahead, in which sector(s) will future support for economic diversification be most required? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Agriculture,

Industry,

Services,

Fisheries,

Additional information on the sector(s) that will require most support for economic diversification.:

Financial and Banking

**Q23** Looking ahead, in which category of aid-for-trade financing do you think that your government will require aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training,

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Building productive capacity

Agriculture,

Fishing,

Industry,

Travel and tourism

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

## Page 19: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q24** Is there any Aid-for-Trade project or programme for economic diversification that you would like to showcase as an example of best practice?(Please provide additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

Not Available

#### Page 21: SECTION 3: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

**Q25** Is economic empowerment a priority in your national or regional development strategy?

#### Yes,

If yes, please provide additional information on how economic empowerment is prioritized in your national or regional strategy.:

Information is available in the National Economic and Social Development plan 2013-2025

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/ 1466vincentgrenadines.pdf **Q26** For which groups does your national or regional development strategy seek to promote economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Women's economic empowerment

Micro, Small and Medium Sized

**Enterprises** 

Youth economic empowerment

**Q27** Does the national or regional development strategy propose any indicators to track economic empowerment or include any targets to achieve?

#### Yes.

If yes, please provide additional information on the indicators, or targets, on economic empowerment that are included in your national or regional development strategy.:

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/?menu=1300

**Q28** Does the national or regional development strategy link economic empowerment to participation in international trade?

#### Yes,

If yes please provide additional information on how your national or regional development strategy links economic empowerment to participation in international trade. : https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf Several Indicators are highlighted throughout the National Social Development Plan 2013-2025

## Page 23: SECTION 3: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

**Q29** Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing you receive aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment. (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure

Agriculture,

Fishing,

Industry

**Q30** Does the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic empowerment align with the empowerment priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

#### Yes,

Additional information on how the aid-for-trade support you receive for economic empowerment aligns with the empowerment priorities established in your national or regional trade and development strategy(ies).: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf

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Q31 How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Improving access to foreign , markets

Improving access to global value chains

Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation)

,

Providing access to

finance

**Supporting rural** 

trade

Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth

,

Upgrading the energy infrastructure

Upgrading the transport infrastructure

Q32 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support women's economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade facilitation,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

,

Transport and storage , infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.)

,

Agriculture,

Fishing,

Industry,

Travel and tourism

Q33 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities
,

Donor interest in specific , projects/programmes

Mobilization of domestic private , investment

National/regional coordination

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**Q34** How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the economic empowerment of MSMEs?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation) Providing access to finance Supporting rural trade Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth Upgrading the energy infrastructure Upgrading the transport infrastructure, Improving access to foreign markets Improving access to global value chains Improving the provision of services

Q35 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Business support services,

Banking and financial services

Building productive capacity

Agriculture,

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade facilitation,

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Multilateral trade negotiations

Trade education/training,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.)

Fishing,

Industry,

Travel and tourism

Q36 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities

Country ownership,

Donor interest in specific projects/programmes

Leveraging of foreign direct investment

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Q37 How best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation)
,

Providing access to ,
finance

Supporting rural ,
trade

Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth
,

Upgrading the energy ,
infrastructure

Upgrading the transport infrastructure,
Improving access to foreign ,
markets

Improving access to global value chains

Q38 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support to Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Agriculture,

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade facilitation,

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Multilateral trade negotiations

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

Transport and storage infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.)

Fishing,

Industry,

Travel and tourism

Q39 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting to Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities

Donor interest in specific projects/programmes

National/regional coordination

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**Q40** In your view, can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the achievement of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda?

#### Yes,

Please provide a weblink to the relevant national strategy or policy document in which SDGs are referred to.: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/?menu=1300 https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/1466vincentgrenadines.pdf

**Q41** If yes, please specify which Sustainable Development Goal or Goals (SDGs) Aid for Trade can help to achieve.(You may tick more than 1 box)Sustainable Development Goals:

- 1. No , poverty
- 2. Zero hunger,
- 5. Gender equality
- 7. Affordable and clean , energy
- 8. Decent work and economic growth
- 9. Industry, innovation and infrastructure

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**Q42** Which donor(s) are now the most important source aid-for-trade financing for your economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box)

**European Union,** 

World

**Bank** 

Additional information on the donor(s) are the most important source of aid-for-trade financing for your economic empowerment.:

Taiwan

Q43 Which South-South partner(s) are the most important source of financing for your economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Mexico\*,

Venezuela,

Cuba

**Q44** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-fortrade financing do you think that further support for economic empowerment will be required.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support) Business support services,

Agriculture,

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

Transport and storage infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.)

Fishing,

Industry,

Travel and tourism

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**Q45** Please provide any additional information that you think may be relevant.(Please references in the form or weblinks, document symbols etc.)

No additional information is available

**Q46** Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic empowerment you would like to showcase as particularly important for your country or as an example of best practice? (Please provide any relevant additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

No additional information is available

#### Page 30: END OF SURVEY

Q47 CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):

Ministry of Finance, Economic, Planning, Sustainable Development and Information Technology