Page 5: ABOUT YOU

Q1 Donor Country (or headquarters location in the case of Organizations) PORTUGAL

Q2 About you
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Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES (YOUR GOVERNMENT’S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES)

Q3 Do you have an Aid-for-trade strategy? No

Page 8: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

Q4 If yes, please indicate your Aid-for-Trade priorities:Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below.(1 being the most important) Respondent skipped this question

Page 9: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES
Q5 If no or unsure, does your development policy include trade priorities?

Unsure,
Additional information on whether your development policy includes trade priorities:
In the absence of a formal strategy on Aid4Trade, the Strategic Concept of Portuguese Cooperation 2014-2020 aims to strengthen synergies with the private sector, investment and trade, while referring to trade and finance as priority areas for policy coherence for development (PCD). In this national framework document for development cooperation, trade is particularly linked to the priority "Rural development and the sea", within the scope of Portuguese cooperation support for integrated and sustainable development models, aimed at strengthening local institutions and communities (including, for example, support for increased production in a sustainable way and promotion of access and improvements in the functioning of markets). It is also linked to education for development strategies where policy coherence for development, fair trade, responsible consumption, solidarity economy and social justice are approached. In national commitments on PCD (Council of Ministers Resolution no. 82/2010, of 4 November), Portugal has identified as particularly relevant sectoral policies on trade, finance, climate change, sea, food security, rural development, migrations and security, all of which are directly and/or indirectly addressed by EU member states’ commitments. The document clearly states that close coordination between the various public policies, such as the trade policy, supports development objectives.

Q6 If yes, please indicate the trade priorities in your development policy. Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below. (1 being the most important)

Respondent skipped this question

Q7 Has your Aid-for-Trade strategy, or trade priorities in your development policy, changed since 2016?

No,
Please specify further and include a weblink to the relevant development strategy:
Q8 If yes, please rank the top 3 drivers of these changes: (Please choose no more than 3 options)

Respondent skipped this question

Q9 Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with partner countries and development institutions?

Respondent skipped this question

Q10 Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy documents relevant to Aid for Trade in your country.

Respondent skipped this question

Page 14: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

Q11 Is economic diversification a priority in your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy?

Unsure,
If yes, please provide additional information about this strategy (including as to how economic diversification is defined and measured):

Economic diversification is a major concern in our support to our partner countries, namely those with explicit goals in their national strategies, such as in the case of Angola. Therefore, Portugal’s ODA reflects these concerns when it finances projects in domains as varied as support to the rule of law or good governance (contributing to a favourable and stable trade, business and regulatory environment) to e-government (improving quality and access to public services) or rural development or food security (in which value chains are key intervention areas).

Q12 What are the main constraints to economic diversification identified that your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy seek to address? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Inadequate network infrastructure (power, water, telecommunications)

Limited agricultural production capacity

Limited industrial or manufacturing capacity

Low levels of training and skills

Poor international competitiveness

Small domestic market

Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)

Unaffordable and/or unreliable electricity access
Q13 Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing you provide aid-for-trade support for economic diversification. (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do receive support)

- Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)
- Transport and storage infrastructure
- Banking and financial services
- Agriculture
- Other trade related needs

Q14 Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic diversification align with partners’ priorities as established in their national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

- Yes

Q15 Has the aid-for-trade support you provide in economic diversification recorded progress in partner countries since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?

- Unsure

Q16 If yes please specify, in which area(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

- Respondent skipped this question

Q17 If yes, please also indicate in which sector(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

- Respondent skipped this question

Q18 In which category(ies) of Aid for Trade is the support you provide impactful for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

- Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)
- Transport and storage infrastructure
- Banking and financial services
- Agriculture
- Other trade related needs
Q19 What factors contribute to the success of the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Capacity to draft funding applications
- Good digital and ICT connectivity
- Good trade-related infrastructure
- Institutional capacity to implement projects
- Services capacity
- Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

Q20 What factors may limit the success of the aid-for-trade support that you provide for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Inadequate infrastructure
- Limited services capacity
- Poor digital and ICT connectivity
- Resources dedicated to the project or programme too low
- Time horizon too short
- Weak institutional capacity

Q21 Does the Aid for Trade you provide help mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification in partner countries (i.e. non-concessional financing, foreign direct investment, remittances, trade finance, etc.).

Unsure,
Additional information on how Aid for Trade helps mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification:
Camões, I.P. (Portuguese Development Agency) together with SOFID (Portuguese Development Financial Institution) are working together with a view to launch a strategy for the private sector in development cooperation. As a first step, a support study has been commissioned to OECD, which will provide for different working streams and inform the final strategy by the Portuguese Development Cooperation.
Q22 To which partner country(ies) or territory(ies) do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Angola, Cabo Verde, Colombia, Guinea-Bissau, Mozambique, Sao Tome and Principe, Timor-Leste

Q23 Through which channels do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Bilateral programmes

Q24 With which South-South partner(s) do you partner to offer financing for economic diversification? (You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any)

Respondent skipped this question

Q25 Looking ahead, in which sectors do you anticipate future support for economic diversification to be required? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Agriculture, Fisheries, Forestry

Q26 Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic diversification. (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Energy supply and generation infrastructure, Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing

Q27 Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic diversification that you would like to showcase as an example of best practice? (Please provide additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

Respondent skipped this question
Q28 Is economic empowerment a priority in your aid-for-trade and development strategy?

Unsure,
If yes, please provide additional information on how economic empowerment is prioritized in your aid-for-trade and development strategy.
Only indirectly

Q29 For which groups does your aid-for-trade strategy seek to promote economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Unsure,
Additional information on the groups for which your aid-for-trade strategy is seeking to promote economic empowerment..
No aid for trade strategy specifically addressing the target groups

Q30 Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy propose any indicators to track economic empowerment or include any targets to achieve?

No

Q31 Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy link economic empowerment in partner countries to their participation in international trade?

Unsure,
If yes, please provide additional information on how your aid-for-trade or development strategy links economic empowerment to participation in international trade.
As far as the Portuguese Cooperation main partner countries are concerned, there is a special care in mutually reinforcing economic diplomacy, external cultural action and development cooperation policy, strengthening capacities of countries and institutions, promoting good governance, democracy and the consolidation of rule of law; and supporting local economies and the national entrepreneurial sector with a view to attract foreign direct investment and contribute to increased international integration of partner countries. Therefore, the economic empowerment provided for by the Portuguese Development Cooperation also contributes to partner countries' integration in international trade.
Q32 Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing you provide support for Aid for Trade for economic empowerment. (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

- Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)
- Transport and storage infrastructure
- Banking and financial services
- Agriculture,
- Other trade related needs

Q33 Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic empowerment align with the empowerment priorities established in partner countries national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

Yes

Q34 Is women's economic empowerment a priority in your development or aid-for-trade strategy?

Unsure

Q35 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Improving access to information
- Improving digital connectivity
- Providing access to finance
- Supporting the growth and economic development of women
- Supporting the elaboration of gender-sensitive policies
- Upgrading business skills
- Upgrading ICT skills
Q36 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support women’s economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

- Trade facilitation,
- Trade education/training,
- Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)
- Energy supply and generation infrastructure
- Agriculture,
- Forestry,
- Fishing

Q37 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women’s economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Capacity to draft funding applications,
- Good digital and ICT connectivity,
- Good trade-related infrastructure,
- Services capacity,
- Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

Q38 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the economic empowerment of MSMEs. (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Providing access to finance,
- Upgrading business skills,
- Upgrading the energy infrastructure,
- Upgrading the transport infrastructure,
- Improving access to information,
- Improving access to foreign markets,
- Improving access to global value chains,
- Improving digital connectivity
Q39 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training,

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.)

Q40 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Capacity to draft funding applications,

Good digital and ICT connectivity,

Institutional capacity to implement projects,

Services capacity,

Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

Q41 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade contribute to Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

Upgrading business skills,

Upgrading ICT skills,

Improving access to information,

Improving digital connectivity,

Q42 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade facilitation,

Trade education/training
Q43 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Capacity to draft funding applications
- Good digital and ICT connectivity
- Institutional capacity to implement projects
- Services capacity
- Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines

Q44 In your view, can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the achievement of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda?

Yes

Q45 If yes, please specify which Sustainable Development Goal or Goals (SDGs) Aid for Trade can help to achieve. (You may tick more than 1 box)

- 5. Gender equality
- 8. Decent work and economic growth
- 10. Reduce inequalities

Q46 Which partner country(ies) or custom territory(ies) are the main recipients of the aid-for-trade financing you provide for economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box)

- Angola
- Cabo Verde
- Colombia
- Guinea-Bissau
- Mozambique
- Sao Tome and Principe
- Timor-Leste

Q47 Through which channels do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box)

- Bilateral programmes
**Q48** With which South-South partner(s) do you partner with to provide aid-for-trade financing for economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any))

- Respondent skipped this question

**Q49** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment. (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

- Agriculture,
- Energy supply and generation infrastructure
- Forestry,
- Fishing

**Q50** Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic empowerment you would like to showcase as particularly important or as an example of best practice? (Please provide any relevant additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

- Respondent skipped this question

**Q51** Please provide any additional information. (Please reference in the form or weblinks, document symbols, including to evaluations of projects or programmes)

- Respondent skipped this question

**Q52** CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):

- Respondent skipped this question