

WTO OMC

Page 5: ABOUT YOU

Q1 Donor Country (or headquarters location in the case	NEW
of Organizations)	ZEALAND

Q2 About you	
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Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES (YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES)

Q3 Do you have an Aid-for-trade strategy?	Νο
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Q4 If yes, please indicate your Aid-for-Trade priorities:Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below.(1 being the most important)	Respondent skipped this question

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Q5 If no or unsure, does your development policy include trade priorities?

Yes,

Additional information on whether your development policy includes trade priorities.:

New Zealand has committed to invest at least 20% of our total Overseas Development Assistance in support of 'Aid for Trade' in the Pacific. This AfT obligation will be triggered when the Pacific Agreement on Closer Economic Relations Plus Agreement (PACER Plus) enters into force. Preparatory work is underway between PACER Plus signatories to identify priority areas to allocate this AfT. Signatories are also engaged in progressing further work on the concept of Aid for Trade with a view to leveraging existing Aid for Trade mechanisms at global, regional and bilateral levels.

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Q6 If yes, please indicate the trade priorities in your development policy.Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below. (1 being the most important)

Network infrastructure (power, water, telecommunications)	1
Regional integration	1
Trade facilitation	1
Trade finance access	1
Other areas including: MSMEs, women's economic empowerment, Youth issues etc. (please specify)	1

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Q7 Has your Aid-for-Trade strategy, or trade priorities **Yes** in your development policy, changed since 2016?

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Q8 If yes, please rank the top 3 drivers of these changes :(Please choose no more than 3 options)

2030 Sustainable Development Goals	1
Change of government	1
Regional Trade Agreements (e.g. CFTA)	1

Q9 Have these changes been reflected in your
dialogue with partner countries and development
institutions?

Yes

Q10 Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy documents relevant to Aid for Trade in your country.

Relevant development and AfT policy documents are currently under development.

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Q11 Is economic diversification a priority in your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy?	Yes, If yes, please provide additional information about this strategy (including as to how economic diversification is defined and measured).: Economic diversification is a priority in our bilateral and regional development strategy. New Zealand places emphasis on supporting sectors of comparative advantage, which in-turn encourages diversification in these sectors. For example, New Zealand supports the Pacific Horticultural and Agricultural Market Access (PHAMA) programme, which works to strengthen the supply chain for commercial agriculture. Through a market-led approach, PHAMA assists producers and exporters to leverage maintained and new export market access for Pacific export products.
Q12 What are the main constraints to economic diversification identified that your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy seek to address?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Limited agricultural production , capacity Limited customs and other border agency , capacity Limited network and/or transport infrastructure of a cross border nature , Limited standards , compliance Low levels of training and skills

Q13 Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-fortrade financing you provide aid- for- trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do receive support) Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Trade education/training,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, publicprivate sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Business support services,

Building productive capacity

Agriculture,

Travel and tourism

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

Additional information on which categories of aid-for-trade financing you provide aid-for- trade-support for economic diversification.:

In the above examples, New Zealand does not directly support economic diversification; rather, there is a focus on building more robust sector/business that can diversify organically. For example, strengthening the agriculture sector of a development partner, or connecting a business with advisory support services, may indirectly assist the diversification of that sector/business.

Q14 Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic diversification align with partners' priorities as established in their national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

Yes

Q15 Has the aid-for-trade support you provide in economic diversification recorded progress in partner countries since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?

Unsure,

Additional information on whether the aid-for-trade support for economic diversification you provide recorded progress.:

Economic diversification has not been recorded, so specific comments on progress cannot be provided.

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Q16 If yes please specify, in which area(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

Respondent skipped this question

Q17 If yes, please also indicate in which sector(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

Respondent skipped this question

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Q18 In which category(ies) of Aid for Trade is the support you provide impactful for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Unsure,

Additional information on which category(ies) of Aid for Trade the support you provide is impactful for economic diversification, including information on which your answer is based.:

The impact of AfT targeted to economic diversification has not been specifically measured.

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Q19 What factors contribute to the success of the aid- for-trade support you provide for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Unsure, Additional information on the factors that contribute to the success of the aid-for-trade support your provide for economic diversification.: This has not been measured by the New Zealand Aid Programme.
Q20 What factors may limit the success of the aid-for- trade support that you provide for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors.)	Additional information on the factors that may limit the success of the aid- for-trade support that you provide for economic diversification.: Potential factors limiting the success of AfT for economic diversification have not been actively measured.

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Q21 Does the Aid for Trade you provide help mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification in partner countries (i.e. non- concessional financing, foreign direct investment, remittances, trade finance, etc.).	Yes, Additional information on how Aid for Trade helps mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification.: The trade promotion supported by New Zealand in the Pacific can mobilize investment from private investors.
Q22 To which partner country(ies) or territory(ies) do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Cook , , Islands Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall , , Islands Nauru, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon , , Islands Tokelau, Tonga,
Q23 Through which channels do you provide aid-for- trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Regional programmes
Q24 With which South-South partner(s) do you partner to offer financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any)	Respondent skipped this question

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Q25 Looking ahead, in which sectors do you anticipate future support for economic diversification to be required? (You may tick more than 1 box)

Agriculture,

Fisheries,

Additional information on the sectors that you anticipate will require most support for economic diversification.: This largely depends on the development partner in question. Some countries rely largely on a single sector to generate exports, and therefore these sectors are likely to require support in diversifying in the future. In the Pacific, there are a number of examples including oil extraction, tourism or fisheries. **Q26** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-fortrade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support) Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, publicprivate sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade)

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Q27 Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic diversification that you would like to showcase as an example of best practice?(Please provide additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

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Q28 Is economic empowerment a priority in your aidfor-trade and development strategy?

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Q29 For which groups does your aid-for-trade strategy seek to promote economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

Women's economic empowerment

Youth economic empowerment

Q30 Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy propose any indicators to track economic empowerment or include any targets to achieve?	Unsure, If yes, please provide additional information the indicators or targets on economic empowerment included in your aid- for-trade strategy.: While women's, youth and marginalized groups' economic empowerment have been identified in our development strategy, specific indicators have not yet been confirmed.
Q31 Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy link economic empowerment in partner countries to their participation in international trade?	Νο
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Q32 Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-	Trade education/training,

trade financing you provide support for Aid for Trade for Trade development (Including investment promotion, economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 analysis and institutional support for trade in services, box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not business support services and institutions, publicreceive support) private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development) , Agriculture Q33 Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for Yes economic empowerment align with the empowerment priorities established in partner countries national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)? Q34 Is women's economic empowerment a priority in Yes your development or aid-for-trade strategy?

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Q35 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Improving access to , information
	Improving the provision of , services
	Providing access to , finance
	Supporting the growth and economic development of women
	,
	Supporting the elaboration of gender-sensitive policies

Q36 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support women's economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Trade education/training,Banking and financial,servicesOther trade related,needsAdditional information on the aid-for-trade financing that, inyour view, best supports women's economicempowerment.:Support to the informal private sector and women'scooperatives.
Q37 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities , Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines , Other (please , specify): Additional information on the factors that contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women's economic empowerment.: A sound gender and political economy analytical understanding that informs the design and prioritization of activities; this includes recognition of the legislative and customary frameworks that dictate women's rights to financial independence, as well as the societal norms that enable or constrain economic empowerment - meaningful participation of women in the prioritization, design, governance and management of economic opportunities; recognizing the lack of universality of women, with rural, disabled and ethnic minorities requiring context specific approaches - identifying female and male champions within political and private sector leadership to promote and support women's empowerment - strong advocacy and business networks across communities, island and nations with clear shared objectives

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Q38 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade contribution to the economic empowerment of MSMEs. **Facilitation**) (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors) Providing access to finance Supporting the growth and economic development of women Improving access to foreign markets Improving digital connectivity Improving the provision of services Q39 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, Agriculture, best support the economic empowerment of MSMEs? Trade facilitation, (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support) Trade education/training, Transport and storage infrastructure Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, publicprivate sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development.) Travel and , tourism Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade.) Additional information on the aid-for-trade financing that, in your view, best supports the economic empowerment of MSMEs .: - Support of the ICT sector. - Harnessing digital technology to simplify and lower the cost of cross-border certification and documentation processes for MSMEs.

Q40 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Good digital and ICT , connectivity Mobilization of domestic private , investment Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines	
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Q41 In your view, how best can Aid for Trade contribute to Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Providing access to , finance	
	Supporting the growth and economic development of women ,	
	Supporting the growth and economic development of Youth	
	, Upgrading business skills,	
	Upgrading ICT , skills	
	Improving access to , information	
	Improving digital connectivity	
Q42 What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)	Business support services,	
	Banking and financial , services	
	Trade education/training,	
	Communications infrastructure,	
	Other trade related , needs	
	Additional information on the aid-for-trade financing that, in your view, best supports Youth economic empowerment.:	
	Support of the ICT sector.	
Q43 What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)	Good digital and ICT , connectivity	
	National/regional coordination,	
	Services capacity,	
	Sufficient funding and appropriate implementation timelines	

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Q44 In your view, can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the achievement of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda ?

Yes

Q45 If yes, please specify which Sustainable Development Goal or Goals (SDGs) Aid for Trade can help to achieve.(You may tick more than 1 box)Sustainable Development Goals:	1. No , poverty 2. Zero hunger,
	5. Gender , equality
	7. Affordable and clean , energy
	8. Decent work and economic, growth
	9. Industry, innovation and , infrastructure
	10. Reduce , inequalities
	11. Sustainable cities and , , communities
	12. Responsible consumption and , production
	17. Partnership for the goals

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Q46 Which partner country(ies) or custom territory(ies) are the main recipients of the aid-for-trade financing you pi more

you provide for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Cook , Islands	
	Fiji,	
	Kiribati,	
	Lao People's Democratic , Republic	
	Marshall , Islands	
	Micronesia,	
	Myanmar,	
	Nauru,	
	Palau,	
	Papua New Guinea,	
	Solomon , Islands	
	Tokelau,	
	Tonga,	
	Vanuatu,	
	Additional information on the country(ies) or custom territory(ies) that are the main recipients of the aid-for-trade financing you provide for economic empowerment.: Tuvalu	
Q47 Through which channels do you provide aid-for- trade financing for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)	Bilateral programmes, Regional programmes	
Q48 With which South-South partner(s) do you partner with to provide aid-for-trade financing for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any))	Respondent skipped this question	

Cambodia,

Q49 Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-fortrade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support) Business support services,

Agriculture,

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards).

Trade policy and administrative management

Trade facilitation,

Regional trade agreements (RTAs)

Trade education/training,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Communications infrastructure,

Fishing,

Travel and

tourism

Trade related adjustment (Including supporting developing countries to put in place accompanying measures that assist them to benefit from liberalized trade.)

Other trade related needs

Additional information on which category(ies) of Aid for Trade you think further aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment will be required.: Support of the ICT sector.

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Q50 Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for
economic empowerment you would like to showcase
as particularly important or as an example of best
practice?(Please provide any relevant additional
information and include weblinks as relevant)Respondent skipped this questionQ51 Please provide any additional information.(PleaseRespondent skipped this question

Q51 Please provide any additional information.(Please reference in the form or weblinks, document symbols, including to evaluations of projects or programmes)

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Q52 CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):

New Zealand Customs, New Zealand Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment and the New Zealand Ministry of Primary Industries.