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Page 5: ABOUT YOU

**Q1** Respondent

**JAPAN**

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**Q2** About you

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Position	<b>International Trade Division Economic Affairs Bureau</b>
Ministry	<b>Ministry of Foreign Affairs</b>
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Page 7: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES (YOUR GOVERNMENT'S AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES)

**Q3** Do you have an Aid-for-trade strategy?

**No**

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Page 8: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

**Q4** If yes, please indicate your Aid-for-Trade priorities: Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below. (1 being the most important)

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**Respondent skipped this question**

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**Q5** If no or unsure, does your development policy include trade priorities?

**Yes**

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**Q6** If yes, please indicate the trade priorities in your development policy. Below are listed the most common priority areas grouped according to broad Aid-for-Trade categories. Please rank the top 5 priority areas among the ones listed below. (1 being the most important)

Please specify further the priorities that you selected above as well as the main problems/obstacles encountered in furthering them and provide a weblink to the relevant strategy.:

In order to effectively address the current development challenges, the Government of Japan revised its ODA charter in February 2015 and established the Development Cooperation Charter. The Development Charter is the foundation of Japan's ODA policy and is based on the notion of "quality growth", that is inclusive, sustainable and resilient. On the basis of the charter, Japan provides necessary assistance for "the development of industrial infrastructure and industries through improvements in such areas as infrastructure, finance and trade and investment climate; sustainable cities; introduction of information and communications technology (ICT) and high technology; promotion of science, technology and innovation; research and development; economic policy; vocational training and industrial human resources development; employment creation; and the promotion of agriculture, forestry and fisheries that includes the development of food value chains." In addition, the Development Cooperation Charter does not specify trade priorities, but development cooperation projects are determined based on such factors as the socio-economic needs of each country and Japan's foreign policy.

## Page 11: SECTION 1: AID-FOR-TRADE PRIORITIES

**Q7** Has your Aid-for-Trade strategy, or trade priorities in your development policy, changed since 2016? **No**

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**Q8** If yes, please rank the top 3 drivers of these changes :(Please choose no more than 3 options) **Respondent skipped this question**

**Q9** Have these changes been reflected in your dialogue with partner countries and development institutions? **Respondent skipped this question**

**Q10** Please provide names, titles, references or weblinks to policy documents relevant to Aid for Trade in your country.

Cabinet decision on the Development Cooperation Charter

<https://www.mofa.go.jp/mofaj/gaiko/oda/files/000067701.pdf>

## Page 14: SECTION 2: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC DIVERSIFICATION

**Q11** Is economic diversification a priority in your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy?

Yes

**Q12** What are the main constraints to economic diversification identified that your development or Aid-for-Trade strategy seek to address?(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Inadequate network infrastructure (power, water, telecommunications)**

,

**Limited industrial or manufacturing capacity**

**Limited network and/or transport infrastructure of a cross border nature**

,

**Low levels of training and skills**

**Transport infrastructure (airport, roads, rail, port)**

**Other, (please specify)**

Additional information on the main constraints to economic diversification as identified in your Aid-for-Trade strategy.:

Limited legal institution/system

**Q13** Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing you provide aid- for- trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do receive support)

- Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)
- 
- Trade policy and administrative management
- Trade facilitation,
- Multilateral trade negotiations
- Trade education/training,
- Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)
- 
- Transport and storage infrastructure
- 
- Communications infrastructure,
- Energy supply and generation infrastructure
- 
- Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)
- 
- Building productive capacity
- Agriculture,
- Forestry,
- Fishing,
- Industry,
- Mineral resources and mining
- 
- Travel and tourism

**Q14** Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic diversification align with partners' priorities as established in their national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

Yes

**Q15** Has the aid-for-trade support you provide in economic diversification recorded progress in partner countries since the launch of the Aid-for-Trade initiative in 2006?

**Yes**

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**Q16** If yes please specify, in which area(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Export diversification**,  
**Structural transformation,**  
**Industrialization, including manufacturing value added**

**Q17** If yes, please also indicate in which sector(s):(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Agriculture,**  
**Industry,**  
**Services,**  
**Fisheries,**  
**Forestry**

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**Q18** In which category(ies) of Aid for Trade is the support you provide impactful for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

,

Trade policy and administrative management ,

Trade facilitation,

Multilateral trade negotiations ,

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

,

Transport and storage infrastructure ,

Communications infrastructure,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure ,

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

,

Building productive capacity ,

Agriculture,

Forestry,

Fishing,

Industry,

Mineral resources and mining ,

Travel and tourism

**Q19** What factors contribute to the success of the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

**Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities**

**Coordination among donors**

**Country ownership,**

**Institutional capacity to implement projects**

**National/regional coordination**

**Q20** What factors may limit the success of the aid-for-trade support that you provide for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors.)

**Inadequate infrastructure,**

**Lack of country ownership**

**Poor national/regional coordination**

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**Q21** Does the Aid for Trade you provide help mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification in partner countries (i.e. non-concessional financing, foreign direct investment, remittances, trade finance, etc.).

**Yes,**

Additional information on how Aid for Trade helps mobilize other forms of development finance for economic diversification.:

Our assistance, including private sector instruments (PSI), fully mobilizes private sector capital, leading to economic diversification.

**Q22** To which partner country(ies) or territory(ies) do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Afghanistan,**

**Albania,**

**Algeria,**

**Angola,**

**Antigua and Barbuda**

**Argentina,**

**Armenia,**

**Bangladesh,**

**Belarus,**

**Belize,**

**Benin,**

**Bolivia, Plurinational State**

**Bosnia and Herzegovina**

**Botswana,**

**Brazil,**

Burkina Faso,  
Burundi,  
Cabo Verde,  
Cambodia,  
Cameroon,  
Central African Republic,  
Chad,  
Chile,  
China,  
Colombia,  
Comoros,  
Congo,  
Cook Islands,  
Costa Rica,  
Côte d'Ivoire,  
Cuba,  
Democratic Republic of the Congo,  
Djibouti,  
Dominica,  
Dominican Republic,  
Ecuador,  
Egypt,  
El Salvador,  
Equatorial Guinea,  
Eritrea,  
Ethiopia,  
Eswatini,  
Fiji,  
Gabon,  
The Gambia,  
Georgia,  
Ghana,  
Grenada,  
Guatemala,  
Guinea,  
Guinea-Bissau,



Guyana,  
Haiti,  
Honduras,  
India,  
Indonesia,  
Iran,  
Iraq,  
Jamaica,  
Jordan,  
Kazakhstan,  
Kenya,  
Kiribati,  
Kyrgyz Republic,  
Lao People's Democratic Republic ,  
Lebanon,  
Lesotho,  
Liberia,  
Madagascar,  
Malawi,  
Malaysia,  
Maldives,  
Mali,  
Marshall Islands ,  
Mauritania,  
Mauritius,  
Mexico,  
Micronesia,  
Moldova,  
Mongolia,  
Montenegro,  
Morocco,  
Mozambique,  
Myanmar,  
Namibia,  
Nepal,  
Nauru,  
Nicaragua,  
Niger.

Nigeria,  
Niue,  
Pakistan,  
Palau,  
Panama,  
Papua New Guinea,  
Paraguay,  
Peru,  
Philippines,  
Rwanda,  
Saint Kitts and Nevis,  
Saint Lucia,  
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines,  
Samoa,  
Senegal,  
Sao Tome and Principe,  
Seychelles,  
Sierra Leone,  
Solomon Islands,  
Somalia,  
South Africa,  
South Sudan,  
Sri Lanka,  
Suriname,  
Syrian Arab Republic,  
Tajikistan,  
Tanzania,  
Thailand,  
Timor-Leste,  
The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia,  
Togo,  
Tonga,  
Trinidad and Tobago,

- Algeria**
- Tunisia,**
- Turkey,**
- Turkmenistan,**
- Uganda,**
- Ukraine,**
- Uruguay,**
- Uzbekistan,**
- Vanuatu,**
- Venezuela, Bolivarian Republic of**
- Viet Nam,**
- Wallis and Futuna**
- West Bank and Gaza Strip**
- Yemen,**
- Zambia,**
- Zimbabwe**

**Q23** Through which channels do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box)

- Bilateral programmes,**
- Multilateral institutions,**
- Regional programmes**

**Q24** With which South-South partner(s) do you partner to offer financing for economic diversification?(You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any)

- Chile\*,**
- Egypt,**
- Indonesia,**
- Mexico\*,**
- Thailand,**
- Turkey,**
- Tunisia,**
- Malaysia,**
- Argentina,**
- Brazil,**
- Singapore**

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**Q25** Looking ahead, in which sectors do you anticipate future support for economic diversification to be required? (You may tick more than 1 box)

- Unsure**

**Q26** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic diversification.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

**Unsure**

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**Q27** Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic diversification that you would like to showcase as an example of best practice?(Please provide additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

**Respondent skipped this question**

Page 22: SECTION 3 : AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

**Q28** Is economic empowerment a priority in your aid-for-trade and development strategy?

**Yes**

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**Q29** For which groups does your aid-for-trade strategy seek to promote economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

**Women's economic empowerment** ,  
**Youth economic empowerment** ,  
**Other (please specify)** ,

Additional information on the groups for which your aid-for-trade strategy is seeking to promote economic empowerment.:  
 persons with disabilities, the elderly, refugees and internally-displaced persons, ethnic minorities, and indigenous peoples

**Q30** Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy propose any indicators to track economic empowerment or include any targets to achieve?

**No**

**Q31** Does your aid-for-trade or development strategy link economic empowerment in partner countries to their participation in international trade?

**Yes**

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**Q32** Please indicate in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing you provide support for Aid for Trade for economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

Trade policy and regulations (Including training of trade officials, analysis of proposals and positions and their impact, support for national stakeholders to articulate commercial interest and identify trade-offs, dispute issues, institutional and technical support to facilitate implementation of trade agreements and to adapt to and comply with rules and standards)

,

Trade policy and administrative management

Trade facilitation,

Multilateral trade negotiations

Trade education/training,

Trade-related infrastructure (Including physical infrastructure)

,

Transport and storage infrastructure

Communications infrastructure,

Energy supply and generation infrastructure

Trade development (Including investment promotion, analysis and institutional support for trade in services, business support services and institutions, public-private sector networking, e-commerce, trade finance, trade promotion, market analysis and development)

,

Building productive capacity

Agriculture,

Forestry,

Fishing,

Industry,

Mineral resources and mining

Travel and tourism

**Q33** Does the aid-for-trade support you provide for economic empowerment align with the empowerment priorities established in partner countries national or regional trade and development strategy(ies)?

Yes

**Q34** Is women's economic empowerment a priority in your development or aid-for-trade strategy?

**Yes,**  
 Additional information on how women's economic empowerment is prioritized in your development aid-for-trade strategy.:  
 In May 2016, Japan formulated the Development Strategy for Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment as one of thematic policies under the Development Cooperation Charter. The Strategy focuses on 1) promoting of women's and girl's rights, 2) building the capacity of women and girls to reach their full potential, and 3) advancement of women's leadership in politics, economy and other public fields.

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**Q35** In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Improving access to foreign markets** ,
- Improving access to global value chains** ,
- Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation)** ,
- Upgrading business skills,**
- Upgrading ICT skills**

**Q36** What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support women's economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

- Trade education/training,**
- Building productive capacity**

**Q37** What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting women's economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

- Alignment of aid-for-trade support with national/regional priorities** ,
- Good trade-related infrastructure** ,
- Mobilization of domestic private investment** ,
- Institutional capacity to implement projects**

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**Q38** In your view, how best can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the economic empowerment of MSMEs. (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

**Improving the flow of goods at borders (Trade Facilitation)**

**Supporting rural trade**

**Improving access to global value chains**

**Q39** What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

**Unsure**

**Q40** What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting the economic empowerment of MSMEs? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

**Unsure**

#### Page 27: SECTION 3: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

**Q41** In your view, how best can Aid for Trade contribute to Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

**Other (please specify)**

Additional information on how Aid for Trade can contribute to Youth economic empowerment:

Unsure

**Q42** What forms of aid-for-trade financing, in your view, best support Youth economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave all boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

**Building productive capacity**

**Q43** What factors contribute to the success of Aid for Trade in promoting Youth economic empowerment? (You may tick more than 1 box. Please limit your answer to the top five factors)

**Unsure**

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**Q44** In your view, can Aid for Trade make a contribution to the achievement of the 2030 Sustainable Development Agenda ?

**Yes,**

Please provide a weblink to the relevant national strategy or policy document in which SDGs are referred to.:

Japan SDGs Action Platform

<https://www.mofa.go.jp/policy/oda/sdgs/effort/index.html>

SDGs Promotion Headquarters

<http://www.kantei.go.jp/jp/singi/sdgs/>

**Q45** If yes, please specify which Sustainable Development Goal or Goals (SDGs) Aid for Trade can help to achieve.(You may tick more than 1 box)Sustainable Development Goals:

- 1. No poverty ,
- 2. Zero hunger,
- 5. Gender equality ,
- 8. Decent work and economic growth ,
- 9. Industry, innovation and infrastructure ,
- 10. Reduce inequalities ,
- 12. Responsible consumption and production ,
- 17. Partnership for the goals

Page 29: SECTION 3: AID FOR TRADE IN SUPPORT OF ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT

**Q46** Which partner country(ies) or custom territory(ies) are the main recipients of the aid-for-trade financing you provide for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

- Bangladesh,
- China,
- Egypt,
- India,
- Indonesia,
- Iraq,
- Philippines,
- Thailand,
- Turkey,
- Viet Nam

**Q47** Through which channels do you provide aid-for-trade financing for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box)

- Bilateral programmes,
- Multilateral institutions,
- Regional programmes



**Q48** With which South-South partner(s) do you partner with to provide aid-for-trade financing for economic empowerment?(You may tick more than 1 box or leave all boxes unticked if you do not partner with any))

**Chile\***,  
**Egypt**,  
**Indonesia**,  
**Mexico\***,  
**Thailand**,  
**Turkey**,  
**Tunisia**,  
**Malaysia**,  
**Argentina**,  
**Brazil**,  
**Singapore**

**Q49** Looking ahead, in which category(ies) of aid-for-trade financing do you anticipate that you will continue to provide aid-for-trade support for economic empowerment.(You may tick more than 1 box and/or leave boxes unticked if you do not receive support)

**Unsure**

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**Q50** Is there any Aid for Trade project or programme for economic empowerment you would like to showcase as particularly important or as an example of best practice?(Please provide any relevant additional information and include weblinks as relevant)

**Respondent skipped this question**

**Q51** Please provide any additional information.(Please reference in the form or weblinks, document symbols, including to evaluations of projects or programmes)

**Respondent skipped this question**

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Page 31: END OF SURVEY

**Q52** CONSULTATION (Other ministries/agencies consulted in preparing this questionnaire reply):

JICA, METI, MAFF, MoF