# ENTITIES THAT ARE MONITORING FOOD PRICE DATA

| Country | Entities that are following prices | which prices | Regular monitoring | Purpose |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| AUSTRALIA | Australian Bureau of Statistics, ABARES | farm gate and retail prices | for adhoc analysis | |
| BELGIUM | **Belgian Price Observatory - 2009**, part of the Institute for National Accounts (Ministry of Economy) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | Following a period of high inflation rates<br>- to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to enable appropriate actions by competition authorities and legal services |
| CANADA | Statistics Canada | retail prices | for adhoc analysis | |
| CHINA | **National Bureau of Statistics NBS**, MOA, MOC, NDRC, quasi-public institutions and private consulting firms | processing and retail prices | Yes | - to provide regular and objective information about the food market |
| CZECH REPUBLIC | Czech Statistical Office (CZSO), State Agricultural Intervention Fund (SAIF), Ministry of agriculture (MOA) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain |
| DENMARK | Department of Food and Resource economics (IFRO) at University of Copenhagen, Danish Competition and Consumer Authority (Ministry of Business and Growth) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | for adhoc analysis | |
| ESTONIA | **TNS Emor**, research company and University of Life Sciences **(ULS**) on contract with Ministry of Agriculture | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices |
| EU | **Food Price Monitoring Tool (FPMT) -2009** and Milk Market Observatory -2009, Eurostat | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | Following 2009 dairy crisis (will be important after the expiry of the milk quota system)<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to contribute to increasing pressure on stakeholders to speed up price transmission |
| FINLAND | Ministry of Agriculture and forestry, Statistics Finland | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to enable appropriate actions by competition authorities and legal services |
| FRANCE | **Observatoire de la formation des prix et des marges des produits alimentaires - 2010** (Ministre chargé de l'agriculture et du Ministre chargé de la consommation) | farm gate, processing and retail prices margins | Yes | - to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to describe margins for different actors along the chain |
| GREECE | **the Price Observatory - 2009 (**Mininstry of Development and Competitiveness) | retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of retail food prices<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and accurate information to market participants, consumers and policy makers about retail food prices (available on www.e-prices.gr) |
| HUNGARY | Hungarian Central Statistical Office (HCSO) | farm gate and retail prices | Yes | farm gate and retail prices are available via<br>http://www.ksh.hu/docs/eng/xstadat/xstadat_infra/e_qsma005.html<br>http://www.ksh.hu/docs/eng/xstadat/xstadat_infra/e_qsf005j.html |

| Country | Entities that are following prices | which prices | Regular monitoring | Purpose |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| INDONESIA | Central Bureau of Statistics (BPS), Center for Trade Data and Information-Ministry of Trade, Food Security Agency, Directorate General of Processing and Marketing of Agric Product-Min of Agric | retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of retail food prices<br>- to provide regular and accurate information to market participants, consumers, private sectors, researchers and policy makers about retail food prices<br>- to monitor the effectiveness of price stabilization policy and enable government to decide intervention policies |
| IRELAND | Central Statistics Office | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>Prices can be found at http://www.cso.ie/en/releasesandpublications/prices/ |
| ISRAËL | Central Bureau of Statistics (CBS), Ministry of Agric and Rural Development | processing and retail prices (mandatory prices for some basic food products) | Yes | Following social protest in 2011 against high living costs<br>- to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to regulate some retail food prices : maximum consumer prices and selling prices to retailers and mandatory retail prices, and mandatory milk price for producers |
| ITALY | **ISMEA-1965-** Institute for Services on the Agricultural and Agrifood Market (Ministry of Agriculture) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to improve relationship between different stakeholders of the chain and between the agro-food operators and banks and insurance companies<br>Data, studies and analysis are available at www.ismeaservizi.it |
| JAPAN | Statistics Department-Ministry of Ariculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF) | farm gate, processing and retail prices of fruits and vegetables and fishery products | for adhoc analysis | - to monitor the evolution of prices and distrubution costs at different levels along the food chain<br>- to enable appropriate policy actions for improving the development of the food chain and of the wholesale market |
| KOREA | Agricultural Outlook Center (since 1999) that depends of the Korea Rural Economic Institute (KREI) | farm gate prices of 35 agricultural products | Yes | - to monitor and assess the trends in agricultural prices<br>- to provide short term estimates of prices based on the eather conditions, outputs and crop yields<br>- to facilitate a wider use of the produced information, including assessments and estimates. |
| LATVIA | Latvian Institute of Agrarian Economics, Central Statistical Bureau | farm gate and retail prices | No | |
| LITHUANIA | AIRBC (Agricultural Information and Rural Business Centre, 2001), Statistics Department of Lithuania (SDL) | farm gate and retail prices | Yes | - to increase transparency along the Food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to Market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final Food prices<br>- to improve relationship between different stakeholders of the chain |
| MEXICO | Sistema de Información Agroalimentaria y Pesquera (SIAP)<br>SAGARPA's specialized unit of data collection and analysis, Sistema Nacional de Información e Integración de Mercados (SNIIM), Instituto Nacional de Estadística y Geografía (INEGI). | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to enable appropriate agricultural policy actions<br>- to prevent price speculation and to measure inflation<br>Data are available at http://www.siap.gob.mx/informacion-de-mercados/<br>http://www.siap.gob.mx/optestadisticasiacon2012parcialsiacon-zip/<br>http://www.economia-sniim.gob.mx/nuevo/<br>http://www.inegi.org.mx/est/contenidos/proyectos/inp/inpc.aspx |
| NETHERLAND | Food price monitoring at LEI, Code of conduct of fair trade practises in 2013,<br>Participate in European High Level forum on the food chain | farm gate, processing and retail prices | for adhoc analysis | Food price monitoring available via http://www.agrimatie.nl/Default.aspx?subpubID=2424 |
| NEW ZEALAND | Statistics New Zealand, The Commerce Commission (only farm gate price of milk) | farm gate and retail prices | No | With the adoption of market economy and within the context of general competition law, such monitoring was not felt necessary. |
| NORWAY | Statistics Norway, Norwegian Agricultural Economics Research Institute (NILF), Norwegian Agriculture Agency, Nielsen | farm gate, processing and retail prices | for adhoc analysis | |

| Country | Entities that are following prices | which prices | Regular monitoring | Purpose |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| POLAND | Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development, Central Statistical Office, the Agricultural Market Agency and the Institute of Agricultural and Food Economics – State Research Institute | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices |
| PORTUGAL | Market Information System (SIMA, Ministry of Agriculture), Statistics Portugal (INE), PARCA (Platform for Monitoring Food Chain Relations), High Level Forum for a Better Functioning Food Supply Chain | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to increase competition<br>- to improve the valorisation of the national production |
| ROMANIA | Farm Accountancy Data Network (FADN), Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development | farm gate prices | No | - to fulfill obligations as a Member State of the European Union regarding the communication of information relating to agricultural and food products market<br>- to monitor the evolution of market prices of agricultural products |
| SLOVENIA | Statistical Office, Market Information System of The Agency for Agricultural Markets and Rural Development (AKTRP, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Food), "Code of good practice amongstakeholders in the agri-food chain" 2011 | farm gate and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>( Code of good practice amongstakeholders in the agri-food chain" ) |
| SOUTH AFRICA | Food Price Monitoring Committee **(FPMC)** that is administered by the Agricultural Marketing Council (**NAMC**, created in 1996) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | FPMC, appointed in 2003 after sharp depreciation of the Rand and resultant spikes in food prices<br>- to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to enable appropriate actions by competition authorities and legal services |
| SPAIN | **The Food Prices Observatory - created in 2000, strenghtened in 2008** (Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Environment (MAGRAMA)) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final food prices<br>- to enhance coordination, creating a most favourable atmosphere for discussion and cooperation |
| SWEDEN | Official Statistics | farm gate, processing and retail prices | No | |
| SWITZERLAND | Market Monitoring, Federal office for Statistics | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the Food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the Food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to Market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final Food prices<br>- to describe margins for different actors along the chain |
| TURKEY | Turkish Statistical Institute, Turkish Grain Board (TGB), the turkish Sugar authority and Meat and Milk Board (MMB)<br>Marketing Information System of Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock | farm gate and retail prices, international prices | Yes | - to increase qualified and diverse data to analyse and predict agricultural markets,<br>- to contribute to production and consumption decisions through food chain,<br>- to provide fast and reliable information to the decision makers |
| UNITED KINGDOM | Office for National Statistics (ONS), Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) | farm gate, and wholesale prices and retail prices | | |
| USA | The Bureau of Labor Statistics (**BLS**, US department of Labor), USDA Economic Research Service (ERS) | farm gate, processing and retail prices | Yes | - to monitor the evolution of prices at different levels along the Food chain<br>- to increase transparency along the Food chain<br>- to provide regular and objective information to Market participants and consumers about the share of the different stakeholders along the chain in final Food prices |