Summary of key findings

Official statistical definition of homelessness (Table 1.SVN)

Slovenia does not have an official statistical definition of homelessness.

Latest national estimates of homelessness (Table 2.SVN)

- 3,545 individuals, representing 0.17% of the total population (2022)
- 27% are women, 73% are men
- Flow count, based on the Social Welfare Programme Monitor
- ETHOS Light groups included:
  - ☐ ETHOS 1: Living on the streets, in public spaces
  - ☒ ETHOS 2: Emergency accommodation (e.g., shelters)
  - ☒ ETHOS 3: Accommodation for the homeless (e.g., hostels and women’s refuges)
  - ☐ ETHOS 4: People in institutions
  - ☐ ETHOS 5: People in non-conventional dwellings (e.g., caravans, cars or tents)
  - ☐ ETHOS 6: Living temporarily with others in conventional housing (e.g., sofa-surfing)

Legal framework to collect data on homelessness (Table 3.SVN)

There is no legal obligation to collect data on homelessness in Slovenia.

National homelessness strategy (Table 4.SVN)

There is no national homelessness strategy in Slovenia.

Approaches to collect data on homelessness (Table 5.SVN)

- Social Welfare Program Monitor: Yearly report on the provision of social services (Table 5.1.SVN)
- Census of Population, Housing and Dwellings: Census indirectly collects data on homelessness through questions on settlement and housing arrangements (Table 5.2.SVN)
Table 1. SVN. Official statistical definition of homelessness

| Homelessness | There is no official statistical definition of homelessness in Slovenia. |

Table 2. SVN. Data on people experiencing homelessness

National data, presented according to ETHOS Light Typology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Headline estimate of homelessness (Individuals)</th>
<th>% of total population</th>
<th>ETHOS 1 People living rough</th>
<th>ETHOS 2 People in emergency accommodation</th>
<th>ETHOS 3 People in accommodation for the homeless</th>
<th>ETHOS 4 People living in institutions</th>
<th>ETHOS 5 People living in unconventional dwellings</th>
<th>ETHOS 6 People staying with family/friends</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 545</td>
<td>0.17%</td>
<td>Not included</td>
<td>Included in headline estimate but not specified</td>
<td>Included in headline estimate but not specified</td>
<td>Not included</td>
<td>Not included</td>
<td>Not included</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3% men
27% women

Type of count: Point-in-time ☐ Flow ☒

Included in headline estimate: Children (<18) ☒

Temporary accommodation for: Asylum seekers ☐ Refugees ☐ Victims/survivors of domestic violence ☐

Year: 2022

Source: OECD Questionnaire on Affordable and Social Housing (QuASH), 2023; Social Protection Institute of the Republic of Slovenia (2022), Social Welfare Programme Monitor.

Table 3. SVN. Legal framework to collect data on homelessness

| Law that governs data collection on homelessness | None. |
| Legal obligations | None. |

Table 4. SVN. National homelessness strategy

| National homelessness strategy in place | ☐ Yes
☐ No, but regional and/or local strategies exist
☒ No |

Co-funded by the European Union
Table 4.SVN. Approaches to collect data on homelessness

4.1.SVN. Social Welfare Programme Monitor

Description
The Social Protection Institute of the Republic of Slovenia (SPIRS) prepares yearly analysis of the provision of social services (including those targeting individuals experiencing homelessness) based on the reports of service providers. The number of users/homeless persons is recorded by non-governmental organisations, as well as centres for social work that implement programmes in the field of homelessness.

Type of count generated
- Point-in-time
- Flow (period)

Methods
- Service-based method

Lead authority(ies)
- Social Protection Institute of the Republic of Slovenia and Ministry of Labour, Family, Social Affairs, and Equal Opportunities

Source(s) of information
- Social welfare service providers (administrative data)

Scope
- National level

Depth of data
- Data disaggregated by: gender, age, length of service usage, etc.

Frequency
- Yearly (last available results for 2022)

ETHOS Light groups included
- ETHOS 1: Living on the streets, in public spaces
- ETHOS 2: Emergency accommodation (e.g., shelters)
- ETHOS 3: Accommodation for the homeless (e.g., hostels and women’s refuges)
- ETHOS 4: People in institutions
- ETHOS 5: People in non-conventional dwellings (e.g., caravans, cars or tents)
- ETHOS 6: Living temporarily with others in conventional housing (e.g., sofa-surfing)

Note: Each ETHOS Light group includes one or more sub-categories of living situations. ETHOS Light groups are considered as “included” in the data collection approach if at least one of the sub-categories is counted

Notes
4.2.SVN. Census of Population, Households, and Dwellings

Description
The Statistical Office of the Republic of Slovenia indirectly collects data on the number of homeless people as a part of the Census of Population, Households, and Dwellings. This is done through a register-based census on settlement and housing arrangements. Specifically, data on individuals living in “another housing unit and the homeless” are collected, where another housing unit refers to non-conventional dwellings.

Data on settlement and housing arrangements are obtained through secondary administrative data, mainly from the Surveying and Mapping Authority of the Republic of Slovenia and the Ministry of the Interior.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of count generated</th>
<th>Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☒ Point-in-time</td>
<td>• Population Census</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>□ Flow (period)</td>
<td>• Administrative data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lead authority(ies)</th>
<th>Source(s) of information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Statistical Office of</td>
<td>• Administrative data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>the Republic of Slovenia</td>
<td>from government bodies</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scope</th>
<th>Depth of data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• National level</td>
<td>• Data divided by: urban and non-urban settlements</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Every three years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ETHOS Light groups included

☒ ETHOS 1: Living on the streets, in public spaces
☒ ETHOS 2: Emergency accommodation (e.g., shelters)
☒ ETHOS 3: Accommodation for the homeless (e.g., hostels and women’s refuges)
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Note: Each ETHOS Light group includes one or more sub-categories of living situations. ETHOS Light groups are considered as “included” in the data collection approach if at least one of the sub-categories is counted.

Notes
Database2021